

Preventing and Addressing Gun Violence in Schools Miniseries –

# Navigating the Road to Recovery From School Violence

MAY 22, 2024 3:00 - 4:30 PM ET

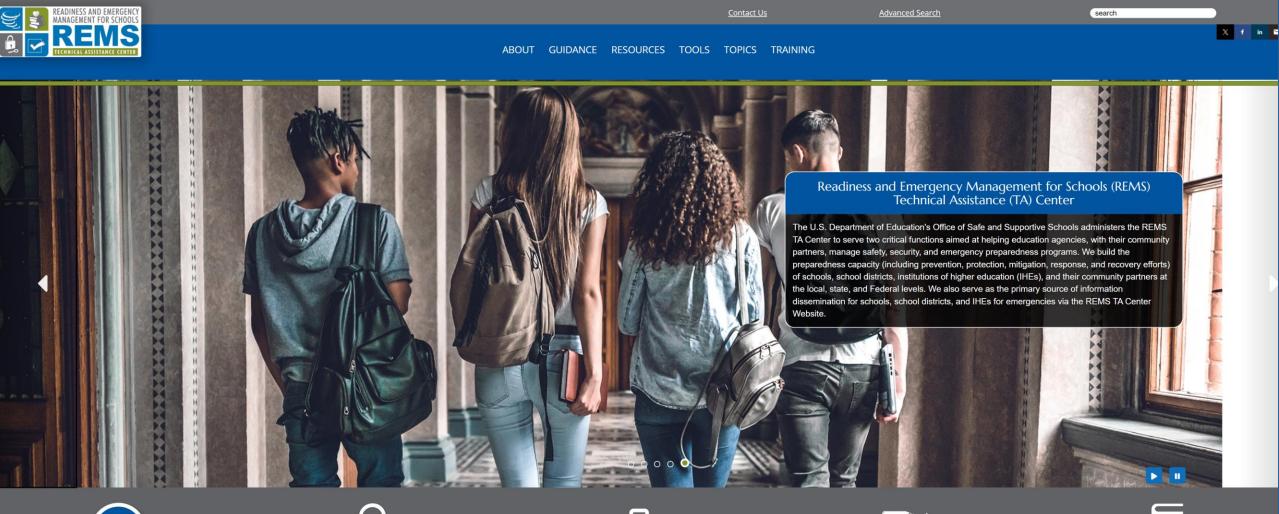


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afety, and Citizenship

From State and Local Practitioners

State Contacts, Reports, Mandates, Registries, and Offices

By Topic



# **NCSSLE** Website



BLOG

Support Students Experiencing Homelessness With

Innovative Wraparound Services

National Center on Safe Supportive Q Learning Environments About Engagement • Safety • Environment SCHOOL CLIMATE IMPROVEMENT TOPICS **EVENTS** RESOURCES TA SERVICES STATE PROFILES

Transform Rural Education With Groundbreaking

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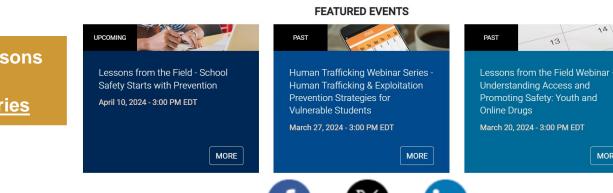
Explore Resources Related To Combatting Antisemitism And Islamophobia While Promoting Inclusive Schools And Campuses For Students of All Religious, Secular, and Spiritual Identities





In Special Education

#### To access information and archived materials from previous Lessons from the Field webinars, go to: https://safesupportivelearning.ed.gov/lessons-field-webinar-series



MORE





## ) Introduction and Logistics

# 2) Welcome

### 3) Context-Setting Presentations

## 4) Panel Discussion

# 5) Closing Remarks







# **Kayla Patrick**

POLICY ADVISOR U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION WASHINGTON, D.C.



Meet Our Context-Setting Speakers



Dr. Jennifer Freeman Crisis Coordinator, Center on PBIS; Associate Professor, Neag School of Education, University of Connecticut, CT

Speaker bios are archived here: <u>https://safesupportivelear</u> <u>ning.ed.gov/events/webin</u> <u>ar/lessons-field-</u> <u>navigating-road-recovery-</u> <u>school-violence</u>



**Dr. Marleen Wong** CEO, Center for Safe and Resilient Schools and Workplaces, CA





# **Dr. Jennifer Freeman**

CRISIS COORDINATOR, CENTER ON PBIS; ASSOCIATE PROFESSOR, NEAG SCHOOL OF EDUCATION, UNIVERSITY OF CONNECTICUT, CT

# Supporting Recovery in Schools Following Violence



### Timelines and Phases of Disaster and Mental Health Impacts: Mental Health Impacts Tend to Present Later and Last Longer in the Disaster Cycle

Approximate and Shifting Timeframes Are Based on Disaster Complexity



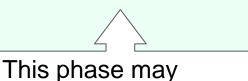
Focus is on safety, communication, and assessment of the ongoing threat

#### Rescue 0 - 1 Week Post Event Primary goal is to adjust. Psychological issues: Resiliency vs. exhaustion and orientation around what has happened.

Heroic 1 – 4 Weeks Post Event Community leaders are promising support, bonding and support is high, sense of relief for survivors, unrealistic expectations of recovery and denial of the impact.

Disillusionment 1 Month – 9 Months Post Event

(usually 6 -9 months post event) Limits of disaster assistance become clear; reality of the extent and impact of the disaster become evident.



This phase may coincide with the next school year. Reconstruction & Recovery 3 Months – Ongoing Community on the way to healing, May continue for years; survivors begin to realize they will need to solve the rebuilding issues themselves. May develop sense of empowerment.

Return to school often happens here. Many educators "make it" to the next significant break.

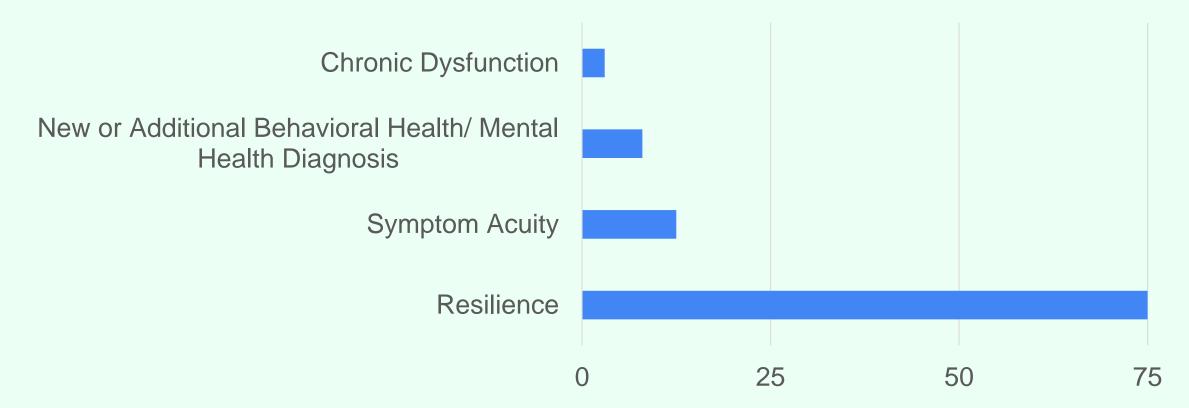
# **Factors That Influence the Recovery Pathway**

- Existing systems of support.
- Previous experiences in disasters or critical incidents.
- Social marginalization
- Discrimination
- Economic status
- Access to resources and healthcare.
- ACES (Adverse Childhood experiences)
- Sociopolitical climate
- Additional waves

...may result in the experience of a "disaster cascade" depending on the nature of the secondary impact

### Long Term (5+ Year) Outcomes in Disaster Cascade Contexts

Confidence intervals are several percentage points in either direction. This is the best educated guess based on previously tracked disasters and current data in the United States.



#### Immediate Crisis Response

#### **Ensure Safety**

- Ensure physical & emotional safety for all.
- Implement communication, reunification, and resource distribution plans.
- Triage and support most impacted staff and students.
- Plan for school reopening.

#### Initial Recovery

Stabilize Learning Environment

- Prioritize staff wellness.
- Implment small number of Tier 1 classroom practices.
- Teach and reinforce new routines and protocols in the context of existing schoolwide routines.
- Provide universal just in time mental health supports for staff and students.
- Maintain a restorative and instructional approach to discipline.

#### Intermediate Recovery

#### Differentiate Based on Data

- Monitor students and staff needs using multiple sources of existing data.
- Invest in Tier 1 practices schoolwide and refine based on need.
- Maintain or increase staff wellness supports.
- Slowly restore balance between social emotional support and academics.
- Develop/enhance Tiers 2 and 3 support to match need.

Use multiple sources of data to make ongoing adjustments to an evidence-based, trauma-informed and equitable continuum of supports.

Long Term

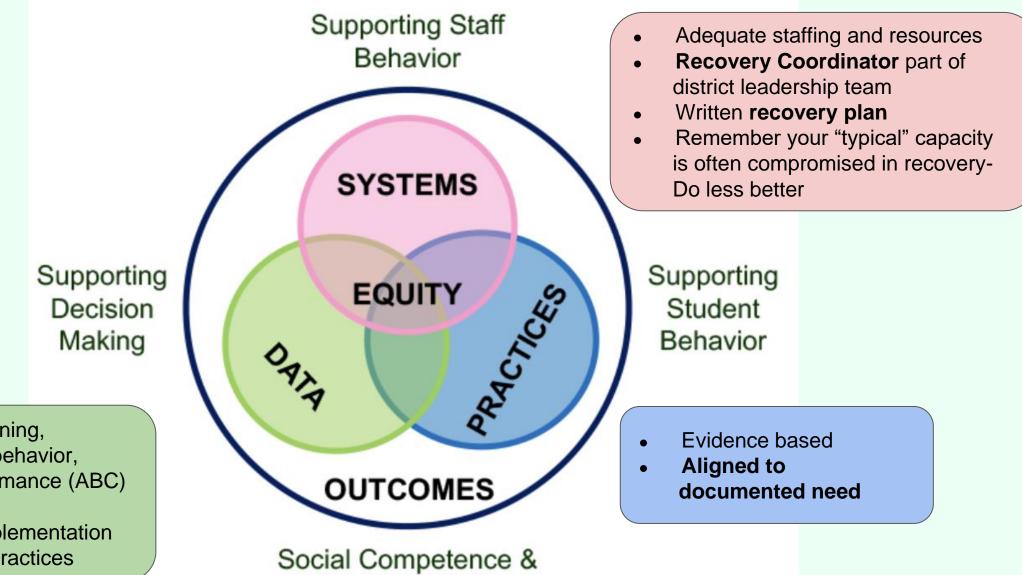
Recovery

**Promote Culture** 

of Wellness

### **MTSS** Framework for Recovery

Academic Achievement



- Triage, Screening,
- Attendance, behavior, course performance (ABC) data
- Fidelity of implementation for any new practices

13

### **Systems for Recovery**

#### **Recovery Coordinator**

**Primary Function:** To work in partnership with students, staff, and community members to coordinate the district's response to crisis recovery. Probably full time but assess adequate FTE.

- Coordinate crisis response
- Work closely with community mental health organizations to coordinate supports.
- Coordinate ongoing education for students, staff, community.
- Provide outreach to parents/families about available resources.
- Implement recovery plan and participate in long term strategic planning.
- Evaluate recovery implementation and outcomes.
- Coordinate and plan observance of remembrance events.



#### **Recovery Plan**

Step 1: Identify Recovery Leadership Team

Step 2: Review existing data to determine:

	Recovery Flan Template
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	Steps for Developing and Implementing a Recovery Plan
5.49	Li Mentilly Recovery Leadership Team
nco iho, áiti hoal irstr	there may be an existing lead-on-top teams that, is specifically taked with guiding card multitrative event struct on a new struct building construct and the factors of the indicet of the system of the distribution of the structure of dependence in the intensity of the indicet of the system to the distribution of the indicet of the structure of the indicet of the structure of the indicet of the structure of the indicet of the structure of the indicet of the structure of the indicet of the indicet of the indicet of the indicet of the structure of the indicet of the indicet of the indicet of the indicet of the structure of the indicet of the indicet of the indicet of the indicet of the structure of the indicet of the indicet of the indicet of the indicet of the structure of the indicet of the indicet of the indicet of the indicet of the structure of the indicet of the structure of the indicet of the structure of the indicet
.,	2: Review exhibing data to determine:
	• Who was not impacted? Where yoke to characterize the biodust dimetry instantial for all attention of werk, see which to get product to a werk of these adding only and the impact? • Note adding only and get a state of a limit attendance) can be easily used to manifer initial means. • Werk adding only and a systems wild to manifer instance within means werk with a means.
249	3: Identify a vision and specific goals for recovery.
	<ul> <li>What does recovery look like for this sched community? Consider sched community strengths and goeffic reads. This values will be card to help prioritize top actions below. These to live goals should be defined adjust with the values and forwards on they accesser prioritize. The prioritopid be written is a way that both galdes schedilitizet recovery and can be chosed with the community.</li> </ul>
***	4: Identify key action steps for each phase of recovery in each relevant content area.
	<ul> <li>What are key activities for recovery? Who will be responsible? How will activities be funded and supported?</li> </ul>
549	5: Implement the plan and use self-checks between phases to guide plan adjustments.
	<ul> <li>Now will recovery progress be measured? How will decisions about needs be made? How will stateholder opinion be assessed (beachers, stratersts, families, community). How will decisions to withdraw support or increase inservice assessminism for made?</li> </ul>

- Who was most impacted? Make a plan to closely support individuals directly impacted. (e.g, witnessed event, knew victim, close proximity to event).
- How widespread was the impact?
- What existing data (e.g., student and staff attendance) can be easily used to monitor initial recovery?
- Verify adequate data systems exist to monitor longterm recovery efforts.

### Step 3: Identify a (strengths based) vision and specific goals for recovery.

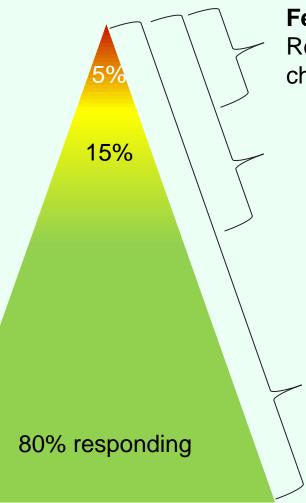
Step 4: Identify key action steps for each phase of recovery in each relevant content area.

Step 5: Implement the plan and use self-checks between phases to guide plan adjustments.

## How Do We Apply a Public Health Model to Recovery?

### **Public Health Model**

- Prevention
- Focus on specific behaviors across population.
- Ensure widespread adoption.
- Layered and connected
- Ensure vast majority are healthy per the data system and modify as needed.



**Few:** Rehabilitation, chemo, drug therapy

#### Some:

Colon screening, mammogram, shingles vaccination, masks, avoid crowds

#### All:

Handwashing, eat healthy, sleep, physical activity, wellness checks, and screening, vaccinations

This model adapts based on the needs of the community.

# Build Connections.

- Increase visibility, access to, and engagement with adults throughout the building and school day.
- Use students' names.
- Be genuine, enthusiastic, and welcoming in your tone and body language.
- Offer a positive and affirming message.
- Ensure consistency by practicing greetings at the door regularly.
- Embrace inclusivity by greeting every student, regardless of background or circumstances.
- Practice attentive body language, such as maintaining eye contact, facing the speaker, and avoiding distracting behaviors.
- Stay curious and seek to understand.

# Re/Establish Routines.

A predictable environment...

- Allows students to build trust and a sense of physical and emotional safety.
- Decreases unpredictable responses and ambiguity.
- Decreases cognitive load so students can focus on instruction.

The higher the level of student need or environment disruptions, the higher the need for predictable routines and greater opportunity for improvement in climate and culture.

- Re-establish the classroom routines you used prior to the event. You want your classroom space to feel as familiar as possible for students upon return.
- Post your class schedule and key activities prior to students entering the class.
- Consider independent entry activities that give you additional time to check in with students as needed.
- Consider adding a clear procedure for asking for help or taking a break when needed.
- Explicitly teach any new procedures (e.g., hall passes, door or window security) and provide frequent reminders for students as they learn new routines.
- Reduce ambiguity and increase consistency in classroom and school expectations using a teaching matrix.

### **Classroom with Social-Emotional Behavioral Skills**

The Wilson	Classroom Norms	Classroom (Attention S	ignal: Hand Raised)		
Way		When you feel upset	Entering class	How to transition	Small group work
We are responsible.	<ul> <li>Stay on task.</li> <li>Clean up area.</li> <li>Apologize for mistakes.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Recognize what you are feeling: "I feel"</li> <li>Stop and take a few deep breaths.</li> <li>Use coping skills.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Turn in homework.</li> <li>Put instructional materials in desk.</li> <li>Add song of the day to Playlist Box.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Put materials away.</li> <li>Get materials ready for the next activity.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Do your fair share.</li> <li>Manage time carefully.</li> </ul>
We are respectful.	<ul> <li>Raise hand.</li> <li>Listen to speaker.</li> <li>Follow directions.</li> <li>Use appropriate voice level.</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>Greet teacher and classmates.</li> <li>Talk in soft voices.</li> <li>Enjoy a moment of stillness.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Listen for directions to the next activity.</li> <li>Leave class when teacher dismisses.</li> <li>Be silent to hear directions.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Listen to understand peers.</li> <li>Take turns speaking.</li> <li>Use 3 Gates of Speech.</li> <li>Speak only to group members.</li> </ul>
We are safe.	<ul> <li>Walk quietly.</li> <li>Keep hands and feet out of aisles.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Talk to someone if you need help or if it makes you feel better.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Pick up materials from designated areas.</li> <li>Take your seat.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Be sure aisles are clear of materials.</li> <li>Push in chair.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Clean up area when time is up.</li> </ul>

Explicitly Teach and Practice Emotional Regulation Skills.

- Proactively prompt and model the use of breathing and grounding techniques.
- Increase opportunities for physical movement throughout the day to support emotional regulation and discharge of anxiety.

### **Use Data to Differentiate Supports**

Some days/times:

- only a few students will need added support
- many students will need added support
- all students will need added support
- adults will need added support

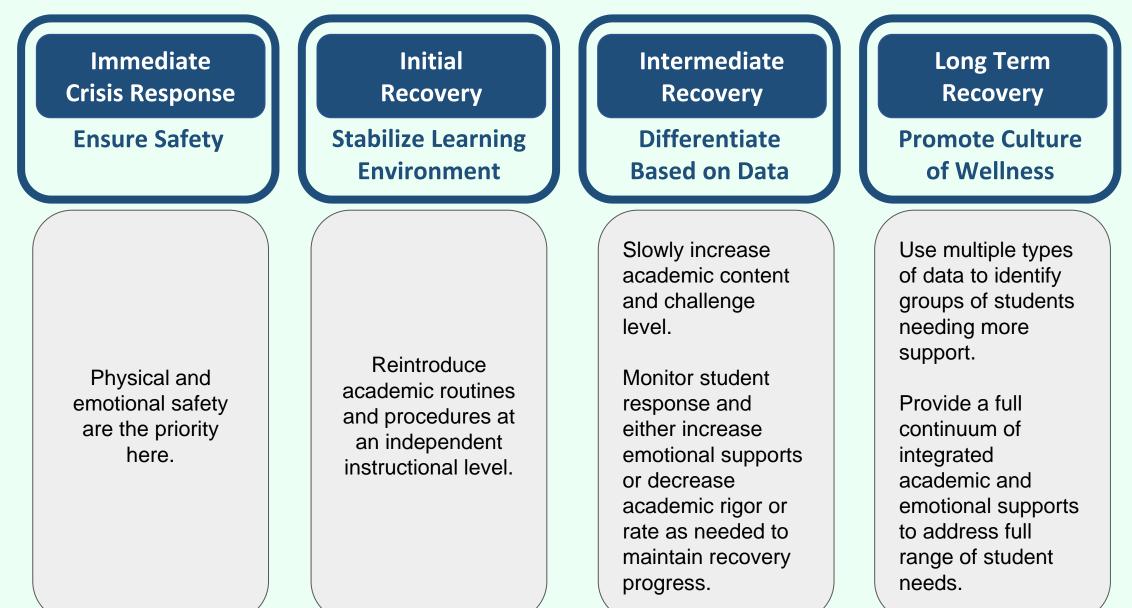
Use multiple sources of data and observations to look for patterns. If you can predict that a day/time will be hard consider how you can **prevent** the problem from occurring, **teach** or remind students of skills, and **respond** most effectively.

Be aware of and plan to increase support for dates or events that may reactive trauma responses for many students or staff.

#### Time of Day / Day of Week Tempo Score

	MON	TUE	WED	THU	FRI
8 AM	82	79	82	81	83
9AM	78	78	77	79	80
10AM	75	79	79	76	87
11 AM	78	81	76	77	64
12 PM	78	76	77	79	77
1 PM	76	74	77	77	72
2 PM	70	72	70	73	71
3 PM	79	76	78	71	74
4 PM	68	70	76	81	77
5 PM	85	77	75	77	81

### What About Academics?



# **Intermediate Recovery**

Often coincides with disillusionment phase.

- May feel harder due to less social cohesion, burnout, exhaustion, and community divisiveness
- May feel increased pressure to return to academic standards and testing.
- May see increases in depression or suicide rates.
- May see increased behavioral concerns.
- May see increases in student and staff disengagement.
- May see decreases in student or staff attendance or increases in staff turn over.
- May see more variability in individual support needs.

## **Intermediate Recovery**

Continued focus on student and staff **engagement** in school, extra curricular activity, and family/community/church activities.

Intentionally foster a sense of purpose, connection, adaptability, hope.

Organize at the district and school leadership levels to work more **efficiently and effectively** through an MTSS framework.

- Build on initial efforts and successes.
- Students and staff will continue to need differing levels of support over the long term.
- Working more efficiently will help sustain recovery efforts long term.

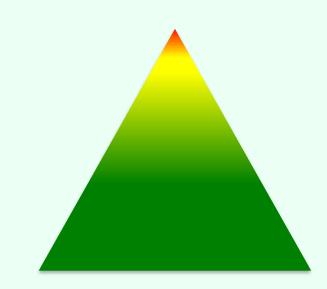
Key Takeaways

- Students and staff will continue to need differing levels of support over the long term.
- Working more efficiently will help sustain recovery efforts long term.

# Long Term Recovery

Continue to monitor and adjust to meet the long term recovery needs for students and staff.

- Ongoing support for most impacted cohorts and staff.
- "Follow" students and staff who leave district,
- Develop procedures and policies for honoring deceased (e.g., memorials, year books, graduation, etc.).
- Build on and expand the existing MTSS framework to meet differing and long term support needs.







# **Dr. Marleen Wong**

CEO, CENTER FOR SAFE AND RESILIENT SCHOOLS AND WORKPLACES, CA



Marleen Wong, Ph.D.

Former Director of Mental Health, Crisis and Threat Assessment Teams, Suicide Prevention Programs Los Angeles Unified School District 1992-2008 Teachers Union Member 20 years/Administrators' Union 10 years

Senior Vice Dean, USC School of Social Work and Stein Goldberg Sachs Professor of Mental Health, Emerita 2008-2021

CEO, Center for Safe and Resilient Schools and Workplaces 2002-Present

National Subject Matter Expert – Child Trauma in Schools

# After a School Shooting, the Word Recovery Can Be a Land Mine

**BE AWARE** 

- Parents will tell you that they will never recover.
- Survivors of School Shootings From 30 years ago, say they think of the shooting and feel the fear everyday of their lives (CNN, ABC News, etc.).
- Every new school shooting brings back harrowing memories.
- Expect and try to prevent 'Deaths of Despair.'
- Full recovery for some may never be achieved, but they can live meaningful lives with broken hearts.

**DO EXPECT** 

- Lawsuits Risk Management Issues
- Superintendents may change multiple times within 2 or 3 years as may principal and faculty departures, leaving people who understand firsthand the terror experienced on the day of the shooting.
- Threats are made against the lives of superintendents, principals and staff.
- People send random donations; budget for a warehouse/storage.

# **Resources Specific to School Violence Recovery**

### **The Principal Recovery Network**

Founded in 2019 by the National Association of Secondary School – 21 Principals who help guide school principals in the immediate aftermath of a school tragedy.



### **Resources Specific to School Violence Recovery**

- Secondary Crises and Adversities
- Conflict Resolution Pictures, Statues, Building (Secretary of Education, Director of the FBI, US VP
- Memorial Foundations Political Activism
- Behavioral and Mental Health Risks Post Shooting
- Trusting Partnerships with Trauma Trained School Social Workers or School Mental Health Professionals
  - Frank DeAngelo "They Call Me Mr. D."
    - Former Principal of Columbine High School
  - Michelle Kefford Current Principal
    - Marjory Stoneman Douglas High School





# What happened next?





# Meet Our Panelists

Speaker bios are archived here: https://safesupportivele arning.ed.gov/events/w ebinar/lessons-fieldnavigating-roadrecovery-schoolviolence



Nnamdi Chuwuocha State Representative, DE; Community Schools Director, Children and Families First, DE



Bridgette Gilbert School Emergency Management Coordinator, Maine School Safety Center, ME



Meet Our Panelists (continued)

Speaker bios are archived here: <u>https://safesupportiv</u> <u>elearning.ed.gov/eve</u> <u>nts/webinar/lessons-</u> <u>field-navigating-road-</u> <u>recovery-school-</u> <u>violence</u>



Niki Henderson Director of Recovery Services, Uvalde Consolidated Independent School District, TX



Heather Martin Educator, Aurora High School; Lived Experience Expert, Columbine High School; Co-Founder, Rebels Project, CO



Jeffrey Upton Assistant Director, Maine School Safety Center, ME





Prepare staff for supporting both mental health and academics.

### Understand that the road to recovery is long.

### Ensure you revisit the emergency operations plan.

Consider support for students and staff in schools not directly affected by an incident.



# Thank You!

Should you have any questions, please contact us at <u>NCSSLE@air.org</u> or 800-258-8413. We are happy to help!

NCSSLE Website: <u>https://safesupportivelearning.ed.gov</u>

Best Practices Clearinghouse: <a href="https://bestpracticesclearinghouse.ed.gov/">https://bestpracticesclearinghouse.ed.gov/</a>

#### **Upcoming Preventing and Addressing School Violence Miniseries Events**

• June 26 – Student Perspectives on School Violence

#### **Other Upcoming Webinars**

- June 5 Talking with Youth about Human Trafficking and Child Exploitation
- July 10 School Justice Partnerships



# **Feedback Form**

### HTTPS://WWW.SURVEYMONKEY. COM/R/LFTF\_SESSION63

National Center on Safe Supportive Learning Environments Engagement • Safety • Environment



READINESS AND EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT FOR SCHOOLS REEMS TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE CENTER

[NCSSLE] 2024 - Lessons from the Field - Navigating the Road to Recovery From School Violence

Thank you for attending the webinar, Navigating the Road to Recovery From School Violence, on May 22, 2024. To best serve you, we would greatly appreciate receiving your feedback on the webinar.

1. Prior to the webinar, how knowledgeable were you about the webinar's topic?

- Not At All Knowledgeable
- Somewhat Knowledgeable
- Very Knowledgeable

2. Overall this webinar was a good use of my time.

- Strongly Disagree
- Somewhat Disagree
- Somewhat Agree
- Strongly Agree

3. This webinar improved my understanding of the covered topic.

- Strongly Disagree
- Somewhat Disagree
- Somewhat Agree
- Strongly Agree

4. Overall, how would you rate the quality of this webinar, such as the communication style of the presenters and the clarity of the webinar content?

- O Poor
- 🔵 Fair
- Good

Excellent





# Questions for the Panel